## Suusamyr Basin, Chet Korumdy ridge ruptures

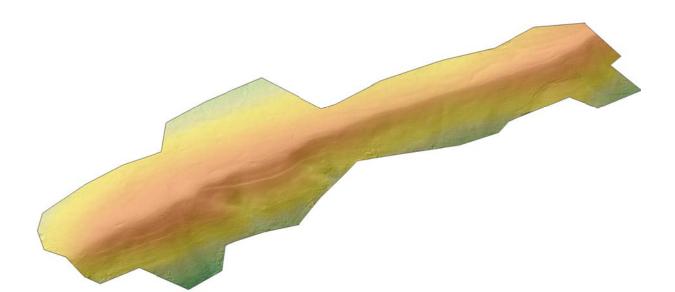
Target: Secondary ruptures and extensional features formed in the 1992 M.3 Suusamyr earthquake. Purpose: Identifying secondary environmental earthquake effects Uploader: Dr Christoph Grützner Friedrich Schiller University Jena Institute of Geological Sciences Burgweg 11 07749 Jena Germany christoph.gruetzner@uni-jena.de

Survey date: 2016-06-16 Survey method: Structure-from-Motion from UAV aerial images UAV: DJI Phantom 2 Flight altitude: 60-80 m Camera: Canon PowerShot SX230 HS Positioning: built-in camera GPS, ground control points measured with RTK DGPS SfM software: AgiSoft Photoscan Professional DEM size: 13,234 x 5840 pixels DEM extent: 460,503 m<sup>2</sup> DEM elevation: 2417 - 2541 m asl DEM Resolution: 0.107 m/pixel DEM EPSG: 4326 DEM filetype: GeoTIFF

**Pointcloud # of points:** 13,721,113 **Pointcloud filetype:** xyz

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**Reference:** Grützner, C., Walker, R., Ainscoe, E., Elliott, A., & Abdrakhmatov, K. (2019). Earthquake Environmental Effects of the 1992 MS7. 3 Suusamyr Earthquake, Kyrgyzstan, and Their Implications for Paleo-Earthquake Studies. *Geosciences*, *9*(6), 271.





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